

# Clinical trials of ximelagatran

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## 1 atrial fibrillation

Trial	Treatments	Patients	Trials design and methods
<b>ximelagatran vs warfarin standard dose</b>			
<b>SPORTIF III , 2003</b> n=1704/1703 follow-up: 17.4 months	ximelagatran 36 mg twice daily versus warfarin standard dose (target INR 2-3)	One or more stroke risk factor in addition to AF.High risk patients with non valvular atrial fibrillation.	Parallel groups Open europe,asia,australasia
<b>SPORTIF V , 2005</b> n=1960/1962 follow-up: 20 months	ximelegatran 36 mg twice daily versus warfarin standard dose(target INR 2-3)	One or more stroke risk factor in addition to atrial fibrillation.High risk patients with non valvular atrial fibrillation.	Parallel groups Double blind north america
<b>SPORTIF II (ximelagatran vs warfarin standard dose) , 2002</b> n=187/67 follow-up: 16 weeks	ximelegatran 20,40,60 mg twice daily versus warfarin standard dose(target INR 2-3)	Medium to high risk patients with chronic non valvular atrial fibrillation.	Parallel groups Open Europe ,USA

More details and results :

- antithrombotics for atrial fibrillation in primary prevention of thromboembolic events at <http://www.trialresultscenter.org/godirect.asp?q=57>
- direct antithrombins for atrial fibrillation in all type of patients at <http://www.trialresultscenter.org/godirect.asp?q=368>
- new oral anticoagulants for atrial fibrillation in all type of patients at <http://www.trialresultscenter.org/godirect.asp?q=391>

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### **SPORTIF V, 2005:**

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**SPORTIF II (ximelagatran vs warfarin standard dose), 2002:**

Petersen P, Grind M, Adler J Ximelagatran versus warfarin for stroke prevention in patients with nonvalvular atrial fibrillation. SPORTIF II: a dose-guiding, tolerability, and safety study. J Am Coll Cardiol 2003 May 7;41:1445-51 [12742279]

## 2 acute coronary syndrome

Trial	Treatments	Patients	Trials design and methods
<b>ximelagatran vs placebo</b>			
ESTEEM , 2003 n=1245/638 follow-up: 6 months	oral ximelagatran at doses of 24 mg, 36 mg, 48 mg, or 60 mg twice daily versus placebo	patients who had had recent ST-elevation or non-STelevation myocardial infarction	Parallel groups double-blind

More details and results :

- antithrombotics for acute coronary syndrome in all type of patient at <http://www.trialresultscenter.org/godirect.asp?q=24>
- anticoagulant for acute coronary syndrome in All ACS (including AMI) at <http://www.trialresultscenter.org/godirect.asp?q=167>
- direct factor Xa inhibitors for acute coronary syndrome in all type of patients at <http://www.trialresultscenter.org/godirect.asp?q=345>
- antithrombotics for acute coronary syndrome in patients with a recent ACS at <http://www.trialresultscenter.org/godirect.asp?q=387>
- new oral anticoagulants for acute coronary syndrome in all type of patients at <http://www.trialresultscenter.org/godirect.asp?q=480>

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## 3 DVT prophylaxis

<b>Trial</b>	<b>Treatments</b>	<b>Patients</b>	<b>Trials design and methods</b>
<b>ximelagatran vs Dalteparin</b>			
<b>METHRO I , 2002</b> n=103 follow-up: 69 days	Melagatran 14 mg s.c. immediately before surgery, melagatran at 20.00 hours, then ximelagatran 624 mg orally b.d. for 69 days versus Dalteparin 5000 IU o.d., started evening before surgery for 69 days	adults undergoing hip or knee replacement	parallel group open Swedish
<b>METHRO II , 2002</b> n=1495/381 follow-up: 710 days	Melagatran 13 mg s.c. immediately before surgery, melagatran same day, then ximelagatran 824 mg orally b.d. for 710 days versus Dalteparin 5000 IU o.d., started evening before surgery for 710 days	undergoing hip or knee replacement	Parallel groups double-blind
<b>ximelagatran vs Enoxaparin</b>			
<b>Platinum (Colwell) , 2003</b> n=906/910 follow-up: 712 days	Ximelagatran 24 mg orally b.d., starting at least 12 h after surgery for 712 days versus Enoxaparin 30 mg s.c. b.d., starting at least 12 h after surgery for 712 days	adults undergoing hip replacement	parallel group double-blind USA, Canada, Israel, Mexico, Argentina, South Africa
<b>METHRO III , 2002</b> n=2788 follow-up: 811 days	Melagatran 3 mg s.c. 412h after surgery, then ximelagatran 24 mg orally b.d. for 710 days versus Enoxaparin 40 mg s.c. o.d. 12 h before surgery for 710 days	hip or knee replacement	double-blind Europe, South Africa
<b>Phase II (Heit) , 2001</b> n=600 follow-up: 612 days	Ximelagatran 8, 12, 18 or 24 mg orally b.d., at least 12 h after surgery for 612 days versus Enoxaparin 30 mg s.c. b.d., starting at least 12 h after surgery for 612 days	adults (age > 18 years and weight at least 40 kg) undergoing knee replacements	parallel group double-blind North American
<b>EXPRESS , 2003</b> n=2835 follow-up: 811 days	Melagatran 2 mg s.c. up to 30 min before surgery, then melagatran 3 mg at least 8 h after surgery, then ximelagatran 24 mg orally b.d. for 811 days versus Enoxaparin 40 mg s.c. o.d., starting 12 h before surgery for 811 days	hip or knee replacement	parallel group double-blind Europe

More details and results :

- antithrombotics for DVT prophylaxis in orthopedic surgery at <http://www.trialresultscenter.org/godirect.asp?q=37>
- antithrombotics for DVT prophylaxis in elective major knee surgery at <http://www.trialresultscenter.org/godirect.asp?q=38>
- antithrombotics for DVT prophylaxis in elective hip replacement at <http://www.trialresultscenter.org/godirect.asp?q=39>
- direct antithrombins for DVT prophylaxis in orthopedic surgery at <http://www.trialresultscenter.org/godirect.asp?q=185>

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## 4 venous thrombosis

Trial	Treatments	Patients	Trials design and methods
<b>ximelagatran vs discontinuation</b>			
<b>THRIVE III , 2003</b> n=612/611 follow-up: 18 months	ximelagatran 24 mg twice daily for 18 months versus placebo for 18 months	patients with venous thromboembolism who had undergone six months of anticoagulant therapy	Parallel groups double blind 18 countries
<b>ximelagatran vs placebo</b>			
<b>Schulman (subgroup) , 2003</b> n=NA follow-up: 18 months	extended treatment with Ximelagatran 24mg twice daily after initial anticoagulant treatment for 6 months versus placebo (initial anticoagulant treatment for 6 months)	study subgroup of patients with active cancer in the previous 5 years treated for DVT or pulmonary embolism for 6 months without recurrence	Parallel groups single blind and outcome ass.
<b>ximelagatran vs LMWH/VKA</b>			
<b>Fiessinger , 2005</b> n=NA follow-up:	ximelagatran 36 mg twice daily versus subcutaneous enoxaparin, 1 mg/kg twice daily, for 5 to 20 days followed by warfarin adjusted to maintain an international normalized ratio of 2.0 to 3.0.	patients with acute deep vein thrombosis	double blind
<b>ximelagatran (without LMWH) vs LMWH/VKA</b>			
<b>THRIVE I , 2003</b> n=NA follow-up:	oral ximelagatran (24, 36, 48 or 60 mg twice daily) for 2 weeks versus dalteparin and warfarin for 2 weeks	Patients with acute DVT	

More details and results :

- antithrombotics for venous thrombosis in all type of patients at <http://www.trialresultscenter.org/godirect.asp?q=101>
- antithrombotics for venous thrombosis in patients with cancer at <http://www.trialresultscenter.org/godirect.asp?q=103>
- antithrombotics for venous thrombosis in secondary prevention of VTE at <http://www.trialresultscenter.org/godirect.asp?q=149>
- direct factor Xa inhibitors for venous thrombosis in all type of patients at <http://www.trialresultscenter.org/godirect.asp?q=372>
- new oral anticoagulants for venous thrombosis in all types of patients at <http://www.trialresultscenter.org/godirect.asp?q=505>

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Entry terms: ximelagatran, xi-melagatran, Exanta, H 376 95, H 376-95,