

Clinical trials of myocardial revascularization for stable angina in diabetic patients

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1 CABG or PCI

Trial	Treatments	Patients	Trials design and methods
CABG or PCI vs medical treatment			
BARI 2D , 2009 [NCT00006305] n=1176/1192 follow-up: 5.3 y	prompt revascularization with intensive medical therapy versus intensive medical therapy alone	patients with type 2 diabetes and heart disease	Parallel groups open US, Canada, Brazil, Mexico, Czech Republic, Austria

References

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A Randomized Trial of Therapies for Type 2 Diabetes and Coronary Artery Disease. N Engl J Med 2009;: [[19502645](#)]

Chaitman BR, Hardison RM, Adler D, Gebhart S, Grogan M, Ocampo S, Sopko G, Ramires JA, Schneider D, Frye RL The Bypass Angioplasty Revascularization Investigation 2 Diabetes Randomized Trial of Different Treatment Strategies in Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus With Stable Ischemic Heart Disease. Impact of Treatment Strategy on Cardiac Mortality and Myocardial Infarction. Circulation 2009;: [[19920001](#)]

Dagenais GR, Lu J, Faxon DP, Kent K, Lago RM, Lezama C, Hueb W, Weiss M, Slater J, Frye RL Effects of Optimal Medical Treatment With or Without Coronary Revascularization on Angina and Subsequent Revascularizations in Patients With Type 2 Diabetes Mellitus and Stable Ischemic Heart Disease. Circulation 2011;123:1492-1500 [[21444887](#)]
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2 drug-eluting stents

Trial	Treatments	Patients	Trials design and methods
sirolimus eluting stent vs bare-metal stent			
DESSERT , 2008 n=75/75 follow-up: 12 months	Cypher andCypher Select versus Sonic (Cordis)	de novo lesions of diabetic patients treated with insulin and/or oral antidiabetics for >3 months	Parallel groups single-blind Italy
sirolimus eluting stent vs paclitaxel eluting stent			

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Trial	Treatments	Patients	Trials design and methods
Kim , 2008 n=85/84 follow-up: 6 months	Cypher versus Taxus	Korean diabetic patients with high-grade de novo coronary lesions (stenosis of >70 percent of the luminal diameter) requiring <3 stents	Parallel groups open Korea

References

DESSERT, 2008:

Maresta A, Varani E, Balducelli M, Varbella F, Lettieri C, Uguccioni L, Sangiorgio P, Zoccai GB Comparison of effectiveness and safety of sirolimus-eluting stents versus bare-metal stents in patients with diabetes mellitus (from the Italian Multicenter Randomized DESSERT Study). Am J Cardiol 2008;101:1560-6 [18489933]

Kim, 2008:

Kim MH, Hong SJ, Cha KS, Park HS, Chae SC, Hur SH, Gwon HC, Bae JH, Lim DS Effect of Paclitaxel-eluting versus sirolimus-eluting stents on coronary restenosis in Korean diabetic patients. J Interv Cardiol 2008 Jun;21:225-31 [18341520]

3 PCI

Trial	Treatments	Patients	Trials design and methods
PCI with drug-eluting stents vs CABG			
SYNTAX (diabetic) , 2010 [NCT00114972] n=NA follow-up: 1 year	paclitaxel-eluting stents versus surgical revascularization	sub group of diabetic patients with left main and/or 3-vessel disease	Parallel groups
FREEDOM , 2012 [NCT00086450] n=953/947 follow-up: 3.8 yrs (median)	percutaneous coronary stenting versus CABG	patients with diabetes and multivessel coronary artery disease	Parallel groups open international
PCI with drug-eluting stents vs CABG			
VA CARDS ongoing [NCT00326196] n=NA follow-up:	percutaneous coronary stenting with drug eluting stents versus CABG	angiographically significant coronary artery disease in diabetes	Parallel groups open
stent vs CABG			
CARDia (PCI) , 2008 [ISRCTN19872154] n=256/254 follow-up: 1 y	PCI plus stenting (and routine abciximab) versus CABG	Patients with diabetes and symptomatic multivessel coronary artery disease or complex single-vessel disease.	Parallel groups open UK, Ireland

References

SYNTAX (diabetic), 2010:

Banning AP, Westaby S, Morice MC, Kappetein AP, Mohr FW, Berti S, Glauber M, Kellett MA, Kramer RS, Leadley K, Dawkins KD, Serruys PW Diabetic and nondiabetic patients with left main and/or 3-vessel coronary artery disease: comparison of outcomes with cardiac surgery and paclitaxel-eluting stents. J Am Coll Cardiol 2010;55:1067-75 [20079596]

FREEDOM, 2012:

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VA CARDS, 0:**CARDia (PCI), 2008:**

Kapur A, Hall RJ, Malik IS, Qureshi AC, Butts J, de Belder M, Baumbach A, Angelini G, de Belder A, Oldroyd KG, Flather M, Roughton M, Nihoyannopoulos P, Bagger JP, Morgan K, Beatt KJ Randomized comparison of percutaneous coronary intervention with coronary artery bypass grafting in diabetic patients. 1-year results of the CARDia (Coronary Artery Revascularization in Diabetes) trial. *J Am Coll Cardiol* 2010 Feb 2;55:432-40 [20117456] [10.1016/j.jacc.2009.10.014](https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jacc.2009.10.014)

4 About TrialResults-center.org

TrialResults-center is an innovative knowledge database that collects the results of RCTs and provides dynamic interactive systematic reviews and meta-analysis in the field of all major heart and vessels diseases.

The TrialResults-center database provides a unique view of the treatment efficacy based on all data provided directly from clinical trial results, offering a valuable alternative to personal bibliographic search, published meta-analysis, etc. Furthermore, it would allow comparing easily the various concurrent therapeutic for the same clinical condition.

Rigorous meta-analysis method is used to populate TrialResults-center: widespread search of published and non published trials, study selection using pre-specified criteria, data extraction using standard form.

TrialResults-center is continually updated on a weekly basis. We continually search all new results (whatever their publication channel) and these news results are immediately added to the database with a maximum of 1 week.

TrialResults-center is non-profit and self-funded.