

# Clinical trials of exenatide 20g

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## 1 diabetes type 2

Trial	Treatments	Patients	Trials design and methods
<b>exenatide 20g vs glibenclamide</b>			
<a href="#">Derosa , 2010</a> n=63/65 follow-up:	exenatide 10 microg twice a day versus glibenclamide 5 mg three times a day	patients with uncontrolled type 2 diabetes mellitus receiving therapy with metformin	
<b>exenatide 20g/d vs placebo</b>			
<a href="#">Apoian , 2010</a> n=96/98 follow-up: 24 weeks	10 microg exenatide twice daily injection + lifestyle modification program versus placebo + lifestyle modification program	overweight or obese participants with type 2 diabetes treated with metformin and/or sulfonylurea	Parallel groups double-blind
<a href="#">H8O-MC-GWBJ, 9698, 20g/d , 2008</a> <i>unpublished</i> n=78/78 follow-up: 24 weeks	exenatide twice daily 10 g for 24 weeks versus placebo	Drug-Naive Patients with Type 2 Diabetes and inadequate glycemic control through diet and exercise	Parallel groups double-blind 4 countries
<b>exenatide 20g/d vs placebo (add on insulin)</b>			
<a href="#">Buse , 2011</a> [NCT00765817] n=138/123 follow-up: 30 weeks	twice-daily 10 g exenatide injections versus placebo (on top insulin glargine)	Adults with type 2 diabetes and an HbA1c level of 7.1% to 10.5% who were receiving insulin glargine alone or in combination with metformin or pioglitazone (or both agents)	Parallel groups double-blind Greece, Israel, Mexico, United Kingdom, USA
<b>exenatide 20g/d vs placebo (add on MET)</b>			
<a href="#">DeFronzo 20g/d , 2005</a> [NCT00039013] n=NA follow-up: 30 weeks	Exenatide 1020 g daily versus Placebo on-top of Metformin	patients with type 2 diabetes failing to achieve glycemic control with maximally effective metformin doses	Parallel groups double blind USA
<b>exenatide 20g/d vs placebo (add on MET+/-SU)</b>			
<a href="#">Gao , 2009</a> [NCT00324363] n=234/232 follow-up: 16 weeks	exenatide 5 mg then 10 mg twice-daily for 4 and 12 weeks versus placebo	Asian descent with type 2 diabetes and inadequate glycemic control taking metformin alone or Met and sulfonylureas	Parallel groups double-blind 4 countries
<b>exenatide 20g/d vs placebo (add on SU)</b>			

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<b>Trial</b>	<b>Treatments</b>	<b>Patients</b>	<b>Trials design and methods</b>
<b>Buse 20g/d , 2004</b> n=129/123 follow-up: 30 weeks	Exenatide 10g twice daily versus Placebo on-top of SU	patients with type 2 diabetes failing maximally effective doses of a sulfonylurea as monotherapy	double blind (not adequate) US
<b>exenatide 20g/d vs placebo (add on SU+MET)</b>			
<b>Kendall 20g/d , 2005</b> [NCT00035984] n=241/247 follow-up: 30 weeks	Exenatide 10 g bid versus Placebo on-top of sulphonylureas+metformin	patients with type 2 diabetes unable to achieve glycemic control with metformin-sulfonylurea combination therapy	Parallel groups double blind USA
<b>exenatide 20g/d vs placebo (add on TZD+/-MET)</b>			
<b>Zinman 20g/j , 2007</b> [NCT00099320] n=121/112 follow-up: 16 weeks	Exenatide 20 g daily versus Placebo on-top of thiazolidinediones+/-metformin	patients with type 2 diabetes that was suboptimally controlled with TZD treatment (with or without metformin)	double blind Canada, Spain, and the United States
<b>Zinman 20g/j A MODIFIER , 2007</b> n=121/112 follow-up: 16 weeks	exenatide Subcutaneous abdominal injections of 10 microg twice daily versus placebo	patients with type 2 diabetes that was suboptimally controlled with TZD treatment (with or without metformin)	Parallel groups double-blind Canada, Spain, and the United States
<b>exenatide 20g/d vs BIAsp 30 daily</b>			
<b>Bergenstal (once daily) , 2009</b> n=NA follow-up: 24 weeks	exenatide(5 microg BID for 4 weeks and 10 microg BID thereafter) versus biphasic insulin aspart 70/30 (BIAsp 30) 30 QD (12 U before supper)	subjects with type 2 diabetes mellitus insulin naive, not achieving glycemic targets with metformin and sulfonylurea	Parallel groups open
<b>exenatide 20g/d vs BIAsp 30 twice daily</b>			
<b>Bergenstal (twice daily) , 2009</b> n=NA follow-up:	exenatide (5 microg BID for 4 weeks and 10 microg BID thereafter) versus biphasic insulin aspart 70/30 (BIAsp 30) 30 BID (12 U divided equally between pre-breakfast and pre-supper)	subjects with type 2 diabetes mellitus insulin naive, not achieving glycemic targets with metformin and sulfonylurea	Parallel groups open
<b>exenatide 20g/d vs insulin (add on SU+MET)</b>			
<b>Heine , 2005</b> n=282/267 follow-up: 26 weeks	Exenatide 20 g daily versus Insulin on-top of sulphonylureas+metformin	-	open
<b>exenatide 20g/d vs insulin (add on SU/MET)</b>			

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<b>Trial</b>	<b>Treatments</b>	<b>Patients</b>	<b>Trials design and methods</b>
<b>Barnett , 2007</b> [NCT00099619] n=136/127 follow-up: 16 weeks	Exenatide 20 g daily versus Insulin	patients with type 2 diabetes	Cross over open Australia, Greece,Hungary, Italy, Mexico, and Poland
<b>Davis , 2007</b> [NCT00099333] n=33/16 follow-up: 16 weeks	Exenatide 20 g daily versus Insulin on-top of sulphonylureas/metformin	patients with type 2 diabetes using insulin in combination with oral antidiabetes agents	Parallel groups open USA
<b>exenatide 20g/d vs insulin BIA<sub>sp</sub> twice daily add on SU+MET</b>			
<b>Nauck , 2007</b> [NCT00082407] n=253/248 follow-up: 52 weeks	Exenatide 20 g daily versus Insulin on-top of sulphonylureas+metformin	patients with type 2 diabetes who were suboptimally controlled with sulfonylurea and metformin	Parallel groups open 13 countries
<b>exenatide 20g/d vs insulin glargine (add on MET)</b>			
<b>Bunck , 2009</b> [NCT00097500] n=36/33 follow-up: 52 weeks	exenatide 10g bid versus insulin glargine	metformin-treated patients with type 2 diabetes	Parallel groups
<b>exenatide 20g/d vs rosiglitazone add on MET</b>			
<b>DeFronzo (EXE vs ROSI) , 2010</b> n=45/45 follow-up: 20 weeks	EXE 10 microg b.i.d. versus ROSI 4 mg b.i.d.	subjects with type 2 diabetes on metformin	Parallel groups open
<b>exenatide 20g/d vs sitagliptin (add on MET)</b>			
<b>DeFronzo , 2008</b> [NCT00477581] n=NA follow-up: 2 weeks	exenatide subcutaneous injection versus sitagliptin (100 mg QAM) for 2 weeks	metformin-treated T2D patients	Cross over double-blind USA
<b>exenatide 20g/d vs weekly exenatide</b>			
<b>Drucker , 2008</b> [NCT00308139] n=NA follow-up: 30 weeks	10 mug exenatide administered twice a day versus long-acting release formulation of exenatide 2 mg administered once weekly	patients with type 2 diabetes naive to drug therapy, or on one or more oral antidiabetic agents	Parallel groups open

More details and results :

- insulin secretagogues peptides (incretins) for diabetes type 2 in all type of patients at <http://www.trialresultscenter.org/go-Q381>
- antidiabetic drugs for diabetes type 2 in patients inadequately controlled on metformin at <http://www.trialresultscenter.org/>

go-Q509

- antidiabetic drugs for diabetes type 2 in Patients inadequately controlled on MET+SU therapy at <http://www.trialresultscenter.org/go-Q510>
- antidiabetic drugs for diabetes type 2 in patients with insufficient glycaemic control with bitherapy at <http://www.trialresultscenter.org/go-Q511>
- antidiabetic drugs for diabetes type 2 in patients inadequately controlled on monotherapy at <http://www.trialresultscenter.org/go-Q512>
- antidiabetic drugs for diabetes type 2 in patients inadequately controlled with insulin at <http://www.trialresultscenter.org/go-Q513>

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