

Clinical trials of cloricromene

TrialResults-center www.trialresultscenter.org

1 cardiovascular prevention

Trial	Treatments	Patients	Trials design and methods
cloricromene vs placebo			
CRAMPS , 2000 n=81/78 follow-up: 6 months	Cloricromne : 100 mg, 2 fois / jour / voie orale + aspirine : 160 mg / jour pendant 6 mois . versus placebo + aspirine: 160 mg/ jour pendant 6 mois.	Stade de la maladie : II, pendant 3.1 anes d'anciennet en moyenne dans les 2 groupes	Parallel groups double blind

More details and results :

- antiplatelets drug for cardiovascular prevention in secondary prevention in patients with intermittent claudication at <http://www.trialresultscenter.org/go-Q275>

References

CRAMPS, 2000:

Gresele P, Migliacci R, Di Sante G, Nenci GG; CRAMPS Investigator Group. Effect of cloricromene on intermittent claudication. A randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled trial in patients treated with aspirin: effect on claudication distance and quality of life. CRAMPS Investigator Group. Cloricromene Randomized Arteriopathy Multicenter Prospective Study. Vasc Med 2000;5:83-9

2 peripheral vascular diseases

Trial	Treatments	Patients	Trials design and methods
cloricromene vs placebo			
CRAMPS , 2000 n=81/78 follow-up: 6 months	Cloricromne : 100 mg, 2 fois / jour / voie orale + aspirine : 160 mg / jour pendant 6 mois . versus placebo + aspirine: 160 mg/ jour pendant 6 mois.	Stade de la maladie : II, pendant 3.1 anes d'anciennet en moyenne dans les 2 groupes	Parallel groups double blind

More details and results :

- antiplatelets drug for peripheral vascular diseases in all type of patient at <http://www.trialresultscenter.org/go-Q278>

References

CRAMPS, 2000:

Gresele P, Migliacci R, Di Sante G, Nenci GG; CRAMPS Investigator Group. Effect of cloricromene on intermittent claudication. A randomized, double-blind, placebo-controlled trial in patients treated with aspirin: effect on claudication distance and quality of life. CRAMPS Investigator Group. Cloricromene Randomized Arteriopathy Multicenter Prospective Study. *Vasc Med* 2000;5:83-9

Entry terms: various