

Clinical trials of DES

TrialResults-center www.trialresultscenter.org

1 stable angina

Trial	Treatments	Patients	Trials design and methods
DES vs CABG			
Boudriot , 2008 n=83/84 follow-up: 12 months	DES versus CABG	-	Parallel groups open

More details and results :

- myocardial revascularization for stable angina in all type of patient at <http://www.trialresultscenter.org/go-Q25>

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2 hypertension

Trial	Treatments	Patients	Trials design and methods
candesartan vs control			
Takahashi , 2006 n=43/37 follow-up: 19.4 months	candesartan versus control	patients on chronic haemodialysis in stable condition and with no clinical evidence of cardiac disorders	Parallel groups open
candesartan vs conventional treatment			
E-COST , 2005 n=1053/995 follow-up:	candesartan, 2 to 12 mg daily versus conventional antihypertensive drugs other than angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitors or ARBs	Japanese essential hypertensive subjects (sitting blood pressure 140-180/90-110 mmHg) aged 35-79 years	Parallel groups single-blind Japan

continued...

Trial	Treatments	Patients	Trials design and methods
E-COST-R , 2005 n=69/72 follow-up:	candesartan versus conventional treatment	hypertensive subjects 60 to 75 years old with non-diabetic chronic renal insufficiency	Parallel groups open
HIJ-CREATE , 2009 n=1024/1025 follow-up: 4.2 y (median)	angiotensin II receptor blocker-based therapy versus non-angiotensin II receptor blocker-based therapy	patients with angiographically documented coronary artery disease and hypertension	Parallel groups open Japan
candesartan vs placebo			
TROPHY , 2006 [NCT00227318] n=409/400 follow-up: 4y	candesartan during 2y followed by 2y of placebo versus placebo	subjects with repeated measurements of systolic pressure of 130 to 139 mm Hg and diastolic pressure of 89 mm Hg or lower, or systolic pressure of 139 mm Hg or lower and diastolic pressure of 85 to 89 mm Hg	Parallel groups double-blind USA
SCOPE , 2003 n=2477/2460 follow-up: 3.7 y (mean)	candesartan, 816 mg once daily (target 160/90) versus placebo	patients aged 70-89 years, with systolic blood pressure 160-179 mmHg, and/or diastolic blood pressure 90-99 mmHg, and a Mini Mental State Examination (MMSE) test score >24	Parallel groups double-blind 15 countries
deserpidine +methylclothiazide vs placebo			
HSCS , 1974 n=233/219 follow-up: 2.3y	deserpidine 1mg/d + methylclothiazide 10mg/d versus placebo	stroke	Parallel groups Double blind USA
Candesartan vs usual care			
HIJ-CREATE , 2009 n=1025/1024 follow-up: up to 60 months	candesartan adjusted dose for target arterial pressure of <130/85 mmHg versus usual care (non-ARB-based pharmacotherapy including angiotensin-converting enzyme-inhibitors)	hypertension with angiographically documented coronary artery disease (acute or stable)	Parallel groups open japan
Takahashi et al , 2006 n=43/37 follow-up:	Candesartan 4-8mg/day versus Conventional treatment	chronic haemodialysis patients	open
Suzuki et al , 2008 n=180/180 follow-up: 1-5 years	Candesartan 12 mg/day, losartan 100 mg/day, or valsartan 160 mg/day versus Conventional treatment	patients undergoing hemodialysis	open
candesartan vs amlodipine			

continued...

Trial	Treatments	Patients	Trials design and methods
CASE-J , 2008 n=2354/2349 follow-up: 3.2 years	candesartan-based regimen versus amlodipine-based regimen	high-risk Japanese hypertensive patients	Parallel groups open (blinded assessment) Japan
candesartan vs hydrochlorothiazide			
ALPINE , 2003 n=197/196 follow-up: 1 year	candesartan versus hydrochlorothiazide	newly detected hypertensives	Parallel groups double-blind Sweden

More details and results :

- anti hypertensive agents for hypertension in all type of patient at <http://www.trialresultscenter.org/go-Q13>
- anti hypertensive agents for hypertension in nephropathy at <http://www.trialresultscenter.org/go-Q19>
- anti hypertensive agents for hypertension in post stroke at <http://www.trialresultscenter.org/go-Q20>
- angiotensin-receptor blockers for hypertension in all diseases requiring ACEi (HF, CHD, HT,...) at <http://www.trialresultscenter.org/go-Q125>
- anti hypertensive agents for hypertension in patients undergoing dialysis at <http://www.trialresultscenter.org/go-Q281>
- anti hypertensive agents for hypertension in subjects with pre-hypertension at <http://www.trialresultscenter.org/go-Q404>
- anti hypertensive agents for hypertension in uncomplicated hypertension at <http://www.trialresultscenter.org/go-Q685>
- anti hypertensive agents for hypertension in patients with additional risk factor at <http://www.trialresultscenter.org/go-Q686>
- anti hypertensive agents for hypertension in patients with cardiovascular disease at <http://www.trialresultscenter.org/go-Q687>

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HSCS, 1974:

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Ogihara T, Nakao K, Fukui T, Fukiyama K, Ueshima K, Oba K, Sato T, Saruta T Effects of candesartan compared with amlodipine in hypertensive patients with high cardiovascular risks: candesartan antihypertensive survival evaluation in Japan trial. *Hypertension* 2008 Feb;51:393-8 [[18172059](#)] [10.1161/HYPERTENSION-AHA.107.098475](#)

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Lindhalm LH, Persson M, Alaupovic P, Carlberg B, Svensson A, Samuelsson O Metabolic outcome during 1 year in newly detected hypertensives: results of the Antihypertensive Treatment and Lipid Profile in a North of Sweden Efficacy Evaluation (ALPINE study). *J Hypertens* 2003;21:1563-74 [[12872052](#)] [10.1097/01.hjh.0000084723.53355.76](#)

3 heart failure

Trial	Treatments	Patients	Trials design and methods
candesartan vs placebo			
ARCH-J , 2003 n=148/144 follow-up: 155 d	Candesartan, 8 mg daily versus Placebo	patients with chronic heart failure who were not receiving ACE inhibitor therapy	Parallel groups double blind
CHARM-Alternative , 2003 n=1013/1015 follow-up: Median, 33.7 mo	candesartan (target dose 32 mg once daily) versus Placebo	patients with symptomatic heart failure and left-ventricular ejection fraction 40% or less who were not receiving ACE inhibitors because of previous intolerance	Parallel groups double blind 26 countries
CHARM preserved , 2003 n=1514/1509 follow-up: 36.6 months	candesartan target dose 32 mg once daily versus placebo	patients with NYHA II-IV heart failure and LVEF higher than 40%	Parallel groups double blind 26 countries
Mitrovic et al. , 2003 n=174/44 follow-up: 12 wk	Candesartan, 2 mg, 4mg, 8mg, 16mg daily versus Placebo	patients with CHF (New York Heart Association class II or III) with impaired left ventricular function (ejection fraction <=40%) and pulmonary capillary wedge pressure >=13 mm Hg	Parallel groups double blind Europe, South Africa
SPICE , 2000 n=179/91 follow-up: 12 wk	Candesartan, 16 mg daily versus Placebo	patients with chronic heart failure and left ventricular ejection fraction less than 35% , and history of discontinuing an ACE inhibitor because of intolerance	Parallel groups double blind
STRETCH , 1999 n=633/211 follow-up: 12 wk	Candesartan, 4 mg, 8mg, 16mg daily versus Placebo	Male and female patients 21 to 80 years of age with mild to moderate symptomatic CHF (NYHA class II or III)	Parallel groups Double blind Germany, Czech Republic, Slovenia.
candesartan+ACE inhibitor vs ACE inhibitor only			
RESOLVD association , 1999 n=332/109 follow-up: 43 wk	Candesartan, 4 mg, 8mg daily, plus enalapril, 10 mg twice daily versus Enalapril, 10 mg twice daily	Patients with New York Heart Association functional class NYHA II, III, or IV CHF, 6-minute walk distance (6MWD) >500 m, and ejection fraction (EF) <0.40	Parallel groups multicenter
CHARM-Added , 2003 n=1276/1272 follow-up: Median, 41 mo	Candesartan target dose 32 mg once daily versus Placebo	patients with New York Heart Association functional class III/IV CHF and left-ventricular ejection fraction 40% or lower, and who were being treated with ACE inhibitors.	Parallel groups double blind 26 countries
candesartan vs enalapril			

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Trial	Treatments	Patients	Trials design and methods
RESOLVD (candesartan alone) , 1999 n=327/109 follow-up: 43 wk	Candesartan, 4 mg, 8mg, 16mg daily versus Enalapril, 10 mg twice daily	Patients with New York Heart Association functional class NYHA II, III, or IV CHF, 6-minute walk distance (6MWD) >500 m, and ejection fraction (EF) <0.40	Parallel groups Double blind US, Canada, Europe, Brazil

More details and results :

- angiotensin-receptor blockers for heart failure in all type of patients at <http://www.trialresultscenter.org/go-Q65>
- angiotensin-receptor blockers for heart failure in patients intolerant to ACE inhibitors at <http://www.trialresultscenter.org/go-Q66>
- angiotensin-receptor blockers for heart failure in patients previously untreated with ACE inhibitors at <http://www.trialresultscenter.org/go-Q67>
- angiotensin-receptor blockers for heart failure in patients already receiving ACE inhibitor at <http://www.trialresultscenter.org/go-Q68>
- angiotensin-receptor blockers for heart failure in patients with preserved-LVEF heart failure at <http://www.trialresultscenter.org/go-Q233>
- inhibition of the renin-angiotensin system (ACEI or ARB) for heart failure in patients with preserved-LVEF heart failure at <http://www.trialresultscenter.org/go-Q234>

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4 miscellaneous

Trial	Treatments	Patients	Trials design and methods
candesartan vs control			
Takahashi , 2006 n=43/37 follow-up: 19.4 months	candesartan versus control	patients on chronic haemodialysis in stable condition and with no clinical evidence of cardiac disorders	Parallel groups open
candesartan vs conventional treatment			
E-COST , 2005 n=1053/995 follow-up:	candesartan, 2 to 12 mg daily versus conventional antihypertensive drugs other than angiotensin converting enzyme inhibitors or ARBs	Japanese essential hypertensive subjects (sitting blood pressure 140-180/90-110 mmHg) aged 35-79 years	Parallel groups single-blind Japan

continued...

Trial	Treatments	Patients	Trials design and methods
E-COST-R , 2005 n=69/72 follow-up:	candesartan versus conventional treatment	hypertensive subjects 60 to 75 years old with non-diabetic chronic renal insufficiency	Parallel groups open
HIJ-CREATE , 2009 n=1024/1025 follow-up: 4.2 y (median)	angiotensin II receptor blocker-based therapy versus non-angiotensin II receptor blocker-based therapy	patients with angiographically documented coronary artery disease and hypertension	Parallel groups open Japan
candesartan vs placebo			
TROPHY , 2006 [NCT00227318] n=409/400 follow-up: 4y	candesartan during 2y followed by 2y of placebo versus placebo	subjects with repeated measurements of systolic pressure of 130 to 139 mm Hg and diastolic pressure of 89 mm Hg or lower, or systolic pressure of 139 mm Hg or lower and diastolic pressure of 85 to 89 mm Hg	Parallel groups double-blind USA
SCOPE , 2003 n=2477/2460 follow-up: 3.7 y (mean)	candesartan, 816 mg once daily (target 160/90) versus placebo	patients aged 70-89 years, with systolic blood pressure 160-179 mmHg, and/or diastolic blood pressure 90-99 mmHg, and a Mini Mental State Examination (MMSE) test score >24	Parallel groups double-blind 15 countries
candesartan vs amlodipine			
CASE-J , 2008 n=2354/2349 follow-up: 3.2 years	candesartan-based regimen versus amlodipine-based regimen	high-risk Japanese hypertensive patients	Parallel groups open (blinded assessment) Japan
candesartan vs hydrochlorothiazide			
ALPINE , 2003 n=197/196 follow-up: 1 year	candesartan versus hydrochlorothiazide	newly detected hypertensives	Parallel groups double-blind Sweden

More details and results :

- angiotensin-receptor blockers for miscellaneous in all type of patients at <http://www.trialresultscenter.org/go-Q425>

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Takahashi, 2006:

Takahashi A, Takase H, Toriyama T, Sugiura T, Kurita Y, Ueda R, Dohi Y Candesartan, an angiotensin II type-1 receptor blocker, reduces cardiovascular events in patients on chronic haemodialysis—a randomized study. *Nephrol Dial Transplant* 2006;21:2507-12 [16766543] 10.1093/ndt/gfl293

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Kasanuki H, Hagiwara N, Hosoda S, Sumiyoshi T, Honda T, Haze K, Nagashima M, Yamaguchi J, Origasa H, Urashima M, Ogawa H Angiotensin II receptor blocker-based vs. non-angiotensin II receptor blocker-based therapy in patients with angiographically documented coronary artery disease and hypertension: the Heart Institute of Japan Candesartan Randomized Trial for Evaluation in Coronary Artery Disease (HIJ-CREATE). *Eur Heart J* 2009;30:1203-12 [[19346521](#)] [10.1093/eurheartj/ehp101](#)

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5 atrial fibrillation

Trial	Treatments	Patients	Trials design and methods
candesartan vs placebo			
CAPRAF (Tveit) , 2007 [NCT00130975] n=86/85 follow-up: 6 months	candesartan 8 mg once daily for 3-6 weeks before and candesartan 16 mg once daily for 6 months after electrical cardioversion versus placebo	patients undergoing electrical cardioversion for persistent AF	Parallel groups double blind

continued...

Trial	Treatments	Patients	Trials design and methods
CHARM (AF ancillary study) , 2005 n=3225/3221 follow-up: 3.17 y	candesartan versus placebo	Heart failure	

More details and results :

- prevention for atrial fibrillation in patient with history of atrial fibrillation at <http://www.trialresultscenter.org/go-Q328>
- prevention for atrial fibrillation in patients without history of AF (primary prevention) at <http://www.trialresultscenter.org/go-Q331>

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6 thrombosis prevention

Trial	Treatments	Patients	Trials design and methods
desirudin vs enoxaparin			
Ericksson , 1997 n=NA follow-up:	desirudin 15mg SC twice daily for 8-12 days versus enoxaparin 40mg once daily for 8-12 days	Patients who undergo total hip replacement	Parallel groups double blind Europe
desirudin vs UFH			
REVASC , 1997 n=225/220 follow-up:	desirudin 15mg twice daily versus unfractionated heparin 5000 IU three times a day	patients having a primary elective total hip replacement	Parallel groups

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Trial	Treatments	Patients	Trials design and methods
Eriksson , 1996 n=1119 follow-up:	recombinant hirudin, desirudin (CGP 39393) 10, 15, or 20 mg twice daily started just before surgery and continued for 8-11 days versus unfractionated heparin 5000 IU three times daily started just before surgery and continued for 8-11 days	patients undergoing elective hip surgery	Parallel groups double blind Europe

More details and results :

- antithrombotics for thrombosis prevention in orthopedic surgery at <http://www.trialresultscenter.org/go-Q37>
- antithrombotics for thrombosis prevention in elective hip replacement at <http://www.trialresultscenter.org/go-Q39>

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7 diabetes type 2

Trial	Treatments	Patients	Trials design and methods
candesartan vs control			
SCOPE (diabetic subgroup) , 2003 n=313/284 follow-up: 3.7 years	candesartan versus control	sub group of diabetic patients aged 70-89 years, with systolic blood pressure 160-179 mmHg, and/or diastolic blood pressure 90-99 mmHg, and a Mini Mental State Examination (MMSE) test score >or= 24	Parallel groups double-blind 15 countries

More details and results :

- anti hypertensive agents for diabetes type 2 in patients with or without hypertension at <http://www.trialresultscenter.org/go-Q414>

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SCOPE (diabetic subgroup), 2003:

Lithell H, Hansson L, Skoog I, Elmfeldt D, Hofman A, Olofsson B, Trenkwalder P, Zanchetti A The Study on Cognition and Prognosis in the Elderly (SCOPE): principal results of a randomized double-blind intervention trial. J Hypertens 2003;21:875-86 [12714861] [10.1097/01.hjh.0000059028.82022.89](https://doi.org/10.1097/01.hjh.0000059028.82022.89)

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8 coronary artery disease

Trial	Treatments	Patients	Trials design and methods
DES vs bare-metal stent			
ISAR-CABG , 2011 [NCT00611910] n=303/307 follow-up: 12 month (35 mo)	Drug-eluting stent (paclitaxel-eluting, sirolimus-eluting, or bioabsorbable polymer sirolimus-eluting stent) versus bare metal stent	patients with Bypass Graft Lesions	Parallel groups open
DES vs CABG			
Boudriot , 2008 n=83/84 follow-up: 12 months	DES versus CABG	-	Parallel groups open
SYNTAX (unprotected left main sub group) , 2009 n=312/302 follow-up: 12 months	PCI versus CABG	patients with left main coronary artery disease	Parallel groups open

More details and results :

- myocardial revascularization for coronary artery disease in all type of patient at <http://www.trialresultscenter.org/go-Q26>
- Drug eluting stent for coronary artery disease in all type of patients at <http://www.trialresultscenter.org/go-Q206>
- Drug eluting stent for coronary artery disease in bypass graft lesion at <http://www.trialresultscenter.org/go-Q210>
- Drug eluting stent for coronary artery disease in unprotected left main artery stenosis at <http://www.trialresultscenter.org/go-Q212>

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9 patients at high risk for cardiovascular events

Trial	Treatments	Patients	Trials design and methods
candesartan vs placebo			
SCOPE , 2003 n=2477/2460 follow-up: 3.7 y (mean)	candesartan, 816 mg once daily (target 160/90) versus placebo	patients aged 70-89 years, with systolic blood pressure 160-179 mmHg, and/or diastolic blood pressure 90-99 mmHg, and a Mini Mental State Examination (MMSE) test score >24	Parallel groups double-blind 15 countries

More details and results :

- angiotensin-receptor blockers for patients at high risk for cardiovascular events in all type of patients at <http://www.trialresultscenter.org/go-Q97>

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10 pulmonary embolism

Trial	Treatments	Patients	Trials design and methods
desmoteplase vs alteplase			
Tebbe , 2009 n=34 follow-up:	125, 180, and 250 microg/kg bodyweight desmoteplase versus 100 mg alteplase	acute massive pulmonary thromboembolism	Parallel groups NA

More details and results :

- fibrinolysis for pulmonary embolism in all type of patients at <http://www.trialresultscenter.org/go-Q110>

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Tebbe U, Bramlage P, Graf A, Lechleitner P, Bode C, Riess FC, Clemens N, Al-Rawi Y, Konstantinides S, Goldhaber SZ Desmoteplase in acute massive pulmonary thromboembolism. *Thromb Haemost* 2009;101:557-62 [19277420]

11 superficial thrombophlebitis

Trial	Treatments	Patients	Trials design and methods
desmin 200 vs desmin 100			
Andreozzi (200 vs 100) , 1996 n=NA follow-up:	Dermatan sulfate (Desmin) (100 mg twice s.c.)y8 versus Desmin (100 mg once daily s.c.)	Patients with ST or varicophlebitis of the lower limbs	
desmin SC vs desmin 100			
Andreozzi (desmin SC vs 100) , 1996 n=NA	-	-	

More details and results :

- antithrombotics for superficial thrombophlebitis in superficial thrombophlebitis of the leg at <http://www.trialresultscenter.org/go-Q218>

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Andreozzi (desmin SC vs 100), 1996:

12 heart failure with preserved LVEF

Trial	Treatments	Patients	Trials design and methods
candesartan vs placebo			
CHARM preserved , 2003 n=1514/1509 follow-up: 36.6 months	candesartan target dose 32 mg once daily versus placebo	patients with NYHA II-IV heart failure and LVEF higher than 40%	Parallel groups double blind 26 countries

More details and results :

- All mechanism for heart failure with preserved LVEF in all type of patients at <http://www.trialresultscenter.org/go-Q237>

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